

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1841.

Hon. Caleb Cushing's Address.

We publish the address of Mr. Cushing, to his constituents, in another State, because his facts and arguments are important to the whole country. It supplies an important link in the chain of our political history, which will be read with interest, even by those who may differ from many of its conclusions. We have laid before our readers other public papers relating to the same subjects treated of in the address, although arriving at different results. We deem them all worthy the attention of every freeman in the land, without endorsing fully the sentiments of either.

To my Constituents.

I beg leave, as well in execution of those deferred offices of private friendship, which, amid the cares of the busiest Congress of our times, it has been impossible for me to discharge by individual letter, as in order to render to all an account of my stewardship, thus far, as your Representative, to address you in this form on the great public questions which now occupy the thoughts of the people of the United States.

A few words only, beforehand, in a personal relation. It has been my anxious endeavor, at the late important session, so to act in all things as to guard your honor and interests, and those of our great common country.

My votes in the House of Representatives, on the several measures before Congress, speak for themselves.

In respect of all but one of those measures, there was, you know, perfect concord of action on the part of the two Houses of Congress and the President. Concerning one of them, he and they differed.

On the great political question, as to what course of conduct should be pursued by Congress in view of this difference, what judgment ought to be passed on this action, and on the consequences of that difference, it would have been easy for me to shun apparent responsibility, leaving events to their own course.

But contingencies arose, thereupon, in which to be passive was to yield way, as it seemed to me to bad and foolish counsels, and inaction became in its effect the worst of action, and to acquiesce tamely in wrong-doing was to make one's self as truly responsible for it as to take in its perpetration.

Besides which, in my estimation of the duties of one in public station, if he have clear convictions of right, he is bound, time and place fitting, to strike in behalf of the good cause.

On account of my conduct in these questions, involving as they do, great personal and political interests, and stirring the passions of men, much obloquy has been cast upon me by presses out of my District, and for the most part out of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, which have volunteered to influence or to anticipate your judgment on your Representative.

Be it so. I have nothing to say in that regard. I contentedly submit myself, therein, to the sober sense of the people, and all rectifying influence of time.

It is the public question, and that alone, which demands immediate attention. I proceed at once to that.

A Caucus Dictatorship has been set up in Congress, which, not satisfied with ruling the body to the extinguishment of individual freedom of opinion, seeks to control the President in his proper sphere of duty, denounces him before you for refusing to surrender his independence and his conscience to its decree, and proposes, through subversion of the fundamental provisions and principles of the Constitution, to usurp the command of the Government.

It is a question, therefore, in fact, not of legislative measures, but of revolution.

What is the visible, and the only professed, origin of these extraordinary movements?

The Whig Party in Congress have been extremely desirous to cause a law to be enacted at the late session, incorporating a National Bank. Encountering, in the veto of the President, a constitutional obstacle to the enactment of such a law at the late session, a certain portion of the Whig Party, represented by the Caucus Dictatorship, proceeds then, in the beginning, to denounce the President.

Will you concur in this denunciation of the President?

The answer to this inquiry resolves into first, a question of expediency; and, secondly, one of principle.

First, as a question of expediency, it involves the following (among other) points of the *casu bono*:

To do so, dissolves the Whig Administration, composed of two necessary parts, namely, united Whig President and Whig Congress.

In not a Whig Administration of more importance than to have a Bank at a given moment of time?

Is it not worth more, for other purposes of good it may accomplish, than any mere corporation?

The Whig Administration dissolved, will any other Administration give you a Bank?

In what does it advantage the Whig Party, to sink itself into a minority in all or any of the States of the Union?

Separating from the Whig Administration, what is to be the condition of the Whig Party? Is it to be an Administration or Opposition?

Party organization is a secondary or incidental fact, but constitutional order, in the regular action of government and laws, is a necessary fact.

This regular action of government and laws, according to Whigs (be they ever so many) cannot stop, if they would. It must and will go on. Do they desire it to go on without them? If so, by and through whom?

When Lord Grenville broke up the Whig Party of England, in 1807, by the unreasonable pressure of some great question, and its consequent loss, "Why," said Sheridan, "did they not put it off, as I did? I have heard of men running their heads against a wall; but this is the first time I ever heard of men building a wall, and equipping it, and clamping it, for the express purpose of knocking out their brains against it." This box-work of Sheridan's will apply to the Whig Party in Congress, if, on account of the failure of the Bank Bill at the late session, they seek from the Administration, and set up as a *tertium quid* in the Government, neither Administration nor Opposition.

As such *tertium quid*, neither Administration nor Opposition, having no substantial issue with the President, but the Bank Question, in how many of the States can the seceding Whigs expect to maintain a majority by means of the merits exclusively of the Bank Question?

The Bank Question apart, is it possible to build up a great political party on the ba-

sis of *re-act-ions*, or of *affirmations*, suspicious, or gossiping injuries to the Administration? Is not the country at present desirous of political repose? Anxious to attend to business? Is it possible to work up the people into a political fever, and keep them in it for three or four years to come, in aid of the resentments and personal bickerings of a few politicians here?

The first access of passion over, will the Whigs continue to think that the occupation of attempting to bite off one's own nose is pleasant or profitable?

Will it aid the Bank Question to heap on it sundry great projects of revolutionary change in the Constitution of the Federal Government? Is the Party strong enough to carry such an accumulated burden?

Is it wise for the Whig Party to throw away the actuality to power for the current four years? If so, for what object? For some contingent possibility four years hence? If so, what one?

Is the contingent possibility of advancing to power four years hence any one particular man in its ranks, whoever he may be, and however eminently deserving, a sufficient object to induce the Whig Party to abdicate the power which it itself as a body possesses now?

If so, will its abdication of power now tend to promote that object? Is it not, on the contrary, the very means to make sure the success of some candidate of the Democratic Party?

Secondly, as a question of principle, the inquiry, whether the President shall be denounced by the Whig Party, becomes this, *Ought he to be?* If so, for what cause?

Has he vetoed the Bank Bill in each of the two forms in which it was presented to him? And this, it is charged, is perjury to the Whig Party.

Yet, confessedly on all hands, the President was not nominated on a pledge to this particular form of bank, or to any bank.

Nor did the Whig Party come into power in virtue of such a pledge.

In refusing to sign those Bills, then, he committed no engagement, and committed no act of perjury in the sense of a forfeited pledge.

If those Bank Bills were, by a distinct understanding before the election, or in any other way, the sole and exclusive essence of Whigism, then there would be something of *unpleasantness* in this charge of perjury to the Party. But in any, the strongest point of view, they were but one Whig measure among many.

Of thirty-one Whig measures, a member of the Party names in thirty, but disapproves one. Is he for that cause to be *unhinged*? Surely not; for if so, there are few who could stand the test. And yet that is the precise fact in this matter, so far as regards the President.

But, in this particular, the President, as an upright man, could do no otherwise than he did. He conscientiously disapproved those Bills.

And the Constitution, which he was sworn to obey, commands him, expressly and peremptorily, to command him, if he do not approve of any Bill presented to him for signature, to return it to the House of Congress in which it originated.

"If he approve he shall sign it; if not, he shall return it," are the words of the Constitution: Would you, as conscientious men yourselves, forbid the President of the United States to have a conscience?

In fact, if he had approved the Fiscal Agent Bill, he would have been quite singular in that, for nobody else did.

But, it is said, the constitutionality of a National Bank is a closed question, decided by the Supreme Court of the United States, and by successive Presidents of the United States.

This assertion is a great error. What has been thus decided is simply this:

There is, in the Constitution, no express power to incorporate a Bank.

But if the National Legislature be of opinion that a particular description of Fiscal Agent, called a Bank, is necessary and proper to the execution of any of the Powers granted to Congress in the Constitution, then Congress possesses the power to create such a Fiscal Agent.

The Supreme Court have decided that the Legislature is the constitutional judge of the fact of the necessity and propriety of such a Fiscal Agent.

If the Legislature, by their action, in their incorporation of such a Fiscal Agent, declare the opinion that such Agent is necessary and proper for the execution of some express power, then the Supreme Court deduce, as a corollary from the fact so declared, the legal consequence of the constitutionality of such Agent.

In the given case, the Legislature is to look into the Bill proposed and see whether the Agent created by it is a necessary and proper one. The Senate is to do this on its responsibility. The House is to do this. The President is to do this. And if they concur in the opinion, then, by the decision of the Supreme Court, the constitutionality of the Agent so created follows as a consequence.

It has not been decided, either by the Supreme Court or by the action of any past President of the United States, that any Bill whatever, no matter what its contents, to which the title "BANK" is given, does by virtue of that title become of necessity constitutional. On the contrary, the name of the Agent determines nothing. The quantity and quality of its powers, the nature of the functions bestowed upon it, their necessity and propriety, as well (in the details) at the precise time, as (by principle) in general, all these are questions of fact and right, to be examined in each case of a proposed Bank, and to be examined by the President as well as by the two Houses of Congress.

And these are questions which, when they arise in the given case, are to be considered as well by the President as by the members of Congress, in obedience to their conscientious convictions of the force of the Constitution. Their judgment of those questions is nowise precluded or excluded by the fact that the Supreme Court has passed on the general question of the constitutionality of a Bank. On the contrary, such judgment is deferred to and imposed upon them by the very decision of the Court itself.

Such judgment of those questions by them, upon their consciences, is the constitutional means, and the only means of ascertaining the premises out of which, when so ascertained, the Supreme Court is to draw the consequence of the constitutionality of a Bank.

They not perceiving, or, perceiving, the neglecting to act upon, these plain truths, was the cause of many errors at the late session of Congress.

It induced members, instead of looking into and examining the particular powers of the proposed Fiscal Agent, and showing their necessity and propriety as the essential elements of the conclusion of constitutionality in the given case, it induced them, taking for granted the very thing to be proved, it induced them to expend all their efforts in arguing the false idea that the question could not and must not be looked into or examined at all.

Their minds dominated by this sophism, and having adopted as the rule of their own action the theory of denegation of reason and self-sufficiency which it implies, it is not strange that they assumed the same rule as applicable to the President.

In refusing thus to shut his eyes, and in scrutinizing the true question, that, namely, of the necessity and propriety of each and all of the proposed powers of the Bank in the given case,

the President, instead of acting in conflict with the decisions of the Supreme Court, did in fact tread in the very path, and aim at the very mark, which those decisions prescribe.

It is said, the Bank Question, at the present moment, has been decided by the Whig Party, and the President ought to have conformed himself to that decision. To which, if it were so, it is obvious to reply, that no determination of party can settle a constitutional question, or preclude a question of conscience.

It is further said that the President ought to approve whatever the Party in Congress do.

That would be to abolish at once all the constitutional functions and duties of the President of the United States: to render him eventually the mere puppet of faction, to transform him into a simple countersigning clerk, and to transfer all the substantive power of the government into the hands of Congress.

Though President through the vote of a party, represented by a majority in Congress, yet, as President, he, not Congress, is to execute that office, and, to the best of his ability, preserve, protect, and defend the Constitution.

To say that whatever bill a majority of Congress passes, the President is, regardless of his own convictions, bound to sign, is to destroy the Constitution. To say that the voice of a bare majority of Congress is, as against the President, the final and conclusive pronouncement of the popular will, is to destroy the Constitution. For the Constitution expressly provides that, not a bare majority of the Houses, but a two-thirds vote against the President's objections, and that alone, is to be considered as the authoritative declaration of the will of the people.

The exercise of the Veto, it is said, is an odious act. If so, the more certain is it that it will be rarely exercised by any President, and that when he does exercise it, he does so, from profound convictions of conscience and overpowering sense of public duty.

The President, it is said, has defeated the wishes of the Whig Party in Congress and the country, and, by his mere will, deprived the nation of what it so much needs, to wit, a National Bank.

Is it true that the President is responsible solely, or in any reprehensible sense, for the failure of Congress, at the late session, to establish a Bank? To answer this question let us look at facts and dates.

On the 2d of June, the Senate called on the Secretary of the Treasury to present to them a plan of a Bank and Fiscal Agent, which he communicated on the 12th of June.

To a similar call made by the House, on the 21st of June, the Secretary replied in the same way on the 23d of June.

In each House this plan was committed to a Select Committee on the Currency.

It was known generally, and it was known particularly to those members of Congress, who by their experience and political position, had the best opportunity and the greatest inducements to obtain a clear understanding of the facts in this respect, that the President of the United States had strong and fixed convictions concerning a National Bank; that it was his anxious wish, so far as his conscientious opinions would permit, to conform his action in this matter to the wishes of Congress; that, accordingly, he had reflected much, and counselled with his constitutional advisers on the subject; and that, among other conclusions to which he had arrived, was this:

Either no discount, or, if discounts, then the assent of the States.

The President, in considering this great question, looked back, in words, at ideas and things. What is a Bank? It seems to be assumed, in most of the newspaper discussions of the subject, that a Bank is of necessity an institution combining deposits, discounts, and circulation, or the issue of bills to circulate as money. Not so. Neither of those things is, in itself, of the essence of a Bank. A Bank may be a Bank of deposits without discounts or issues, or of deposits and discounts without issues, or of deposits, discounts, and circulation. Examples of each of these forms of Bank exist in many countries, and may be found in our own.

The President had considered these things, and the fundamental idea in his mind touching the proposed Fiscal Bank, either no discounts, or, if discounts, then assent of the States, was incorporated in the 17th article of the 11th section of the plan of a Fiscal Agent communicated to the Senate and the House by the Secretary of the Treasury.

On the 21st of July, Mr. Clay of Kentucky, from the Select Committee of the Senate, to which the Bill of the Secretary of the Treasury had been referred, submitted a report, accompanied by a Bill, framed in part according to the plan of the Secretary, but in the *ritual* matter of the constitutional question, involved in the 17th article of the 11th section, differing from the Secretary of the Treasury, and proposing to establish discount offices in the several States without their assent.

In the House of Representatives, Mr. Sergeant, from the Select Committee of the House, reported a Bill on the 21st day of July substantially the same as that reported by the Committee of the Senate.

This difference between the plan of the Secretary and the plan of the Senate Committee, became, at once, the great question of the day.

Mr. Rives, on the 1st day of July, moved, as an amendment to the Senate Bill, to restore, in this respect, the precise language of the Bill proposed by the Secretary of the Treasury. His amendment was not, as it seems to have been generally supposed, a new thing, but was the provision of the Secretary, and consisted of his very words out from the printed Senate document and wafered on a sheet of paper, with nothing but the formal words of a motion to amend prefixed in manuscript.

The two Senators from Massachusetts, Mr. Bates and Mr. Choate, advocated this amendment, that is, the adoption of the plan of the Secretary in this respect in preference to the plan of the Senate Committee.

There is every reason to believe that, if the opinion of Mr. Bates and Mr. Choate had been followed and the amendment of Mr. Rives adopted, there would now be in existence a new United States Bank, no dissolution of the Cabinet would have occurred, no difference of opinion between Congress and the President, and no schism in the Whig Party.

For the opinions expressed by Mr. Bates and Mr. Choate at that time, in the advocacy of this amendment, they incurred censure in some quarters. I appeal to you, and to the whole people of Massachusetts, the constituents of those two Senators, to consider well these facts, and to do justice to the wisdom, patriotism, and foresight of the Senators of our Commonwealth.

Was there, in this 17th article of the plan of the Secretary, anything so objectionable as to preclude its adoption on the part of Congress?

That there was not, is conclusively proved by the fact that, when it was accented in the Senate that the Bill could not pass that body without inserting the principles of State assent, it was inserted. Whatever there was of objectionable, in this respect, in the plan of the Secretary, is to be found in the compromise provision, so called, of the Fiscal Bank, as it finally passed the Senate, and, without any change, the

House. Did the compromise involve the constitutionality of referring the question of the Bank Question to the political forum of each of the States? So also did the latter. Did the former involve the implied surrender of Federal power? So also did the latter. This was most ably demonstrated in the speeches in the House made by Mr. Marshall of Kentucky and Mr. Adams of Massachusetts. In fact, the compromise provision, so called, was drawn up with such peculiar felicity, as to contain all the evil of both schemes without the benefits of either, and to be equally obnoxious to the condemnation of both classes of opinion, that of the Federal school as well as the State Rights school.

Remainder to-morrow.

The large and splendid ship "GENERAL VEAZIE," that was to have been launched yesterday, started on the journey to her destined element at the time appointed, but after sliding about half her length, owing to some defect in the adjustment of the ways, she came to a dead halt, where she now remains. Fortunately, however, she had not proceeded so far to make it convenient to block her up and re-adjust the ways, for another trial this afternoon. She will probably be launched without injury.

It should be recollected that the Young Men's Temperance Association will hold a meeting this evening at the City Hall for discussion. A general attendance is very desirable.

By This Morning's Mail.

The Washington Correspondent, under date of Oct. 14, writes:

"To day the Austrian Minister took leave of the President."

"Among the on-dits are the following: - Mr. Bell is about leaving Washington, and is now offering his furniture for sale. All the other X's are gone."

"Mr. Wickliffe has brought on with him a part of his family, and it is no flattery to say, that his two amiable and beautiful young daughters will greatly fill the void occasioned by the departure of other ladies, in consequence of the late."

"Commotion, motion, the country through."

Mr. Webster is expected to be absent till the 1st of November.

"The Secretary of the Treasury will make a flying visit to New York and Boston in a few days on business. It is rumored that small amounts of the Treasury loan are taken from time to time."

Maryland Election.

WORCESTER COUNTY. The report that this noble Whig county had allowed one *Loco Foco* to be elected to the Legislature, turns out to be incorrect. We learn from a gentleman direct from the county, that four Whigs were chosen. This reduces the *Loco* majority in the House to six, and secures a Whig majority on joint ballot.

The Tennessee Legislature met on the 14th inst. at Nashville. In the Senate, Mr. Thrney (a *locofoco* representing a decided whig district) was elected President by consent, and in the House, Burchell Douglass, of Fayette county (Whig) was elected Speaker, over Hugh L. W. Hill, of Warren, (L. F.) by a majority of three votes. In the Senate, the *Locos* have a nominal majority of one. On joint ballot, (as in the election of U. S. Senators,) the Whigs will have a majority of two.

From Tampa Bay.

The Pensacola Gazette of the 2d inst. says: Yesterday afternoon the United States steamer Col. W. S. Harney, arrived here from Tampa Bay. On Monday last she was employed in bringing sixty Indians from Charlotte Harbor to Tampa. She is two days from Tampa and is on her way to New Orleans, in order to transport the chief Tigeralt, thence to Tampa Bay, arrangements having been made for his return thither from Arkansas. His presence in Florida is found necessary by Col. Worth in order to ensure the surrender of Sam Jones and his band. Col. W. was at Tampa when the stranger left.

It is calculated that there are in the United States 14,012 Lawyers, 14,680 Clergymen, and 10,322 Physicians.

Three hundred men are now employed in rebuilding the Kremlin of Moscow. Its immense roof is to be constructed of iron.

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

Markets October 18.

FLOUR. The market is a little brighter today, and sales have been made at a small advance, viz: \$5.87 for common brands Western.

ASHES. Sales of *Pots* at \$0.50, which is a reduction.

COTTON. There is an active demand and at improving prices; in some instances 14 cent has been realized.

GRAIN. Further sales of Western at 118 cents; Rye, 65; Southern Corn, 69 cents. *Ibid.*

Money Market City News.

The Comptroller of the State has been able to negotiate as much of the new State Loan as he desired, in order to meet existing engagements. We have not heard the particulars, but understand that the Bank of Commerce took \$100,000; Fulton Bank \$100,000; Phoenix Bank \$50,000.

N. Y. Express.

Naval.

The singular and unusual spectacle is now presented, of four Commodore's flags flying at the same time in the harbor of Norfolk and its vicinity:

There are the Delaware, 80, bound to the coast of Brazil, the flag ship of Commodore Morris, who being senior and within distance, is entitled to the blue pendant.

The frigate *Macedonian*, flag-ship of the West India squadron, Commodore Wilkinson, who being next in rank, hoists the red.

The frigate *United States*, the flag-ship of the squadron destined to the Pacific, Commodore Thomas ApCateby Jones.

The navy yard at Gosport, under the command of Commodore W. Bradford Shubrick, who is junior to the other three.

The two junior Commodores, it is presumed, must each hoist the white pendant, there being but three distinctive pendants, as badges of rank, recognized in the navy. *Army and Navy Chron.*

NOTICE.

A meeting of the Young Men's Temperance Association will be held THIS EVENING, at half past 7 o'clock at the City Hall. The presence of all is requested. Per order.

JOSEPH H. BRYANT, Secretary.

Tuesday, Oct. 19.

MARRIED.
In Portland, by Rev. Mr. Chickering, Mr. Charles Adams, of Boston, Texas, to Miss Helen daughter of Capt. David Stockpole, of Portland.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

At Frankfort, 11th, sch. Mary Clark, Lea Boston; 12th, brig Canton, Pettigall, do; 13th, schooner, Portland; 14th, schooner, do; 15th, schooner, do; 16th, schooner, do; 17th, schooner, do; 18th, schooner, do; 19th, schooner, do; 20th, schooner, do; 21st, schooner, do; 22nd, schooner, do; 23rd, schooner, do; 24th, schooner, do; 25th, schooner, do; 26th, schooner, do; 27th, schooner, do; 28th, schooner, do; 29th, schooner, do; 30th, schooner, do; 31st, schooner, do; 1st, schooner, do; 2nd, schooner, do; 3rd, schooner, do; 4th, schooner, do; 5th, schooner, do; 6th, schooner, do; 7th, schooner, do; 8th, schooner, do; 9th, schooner, do; 10th, schooner, do; 11th, schooner, do; 12th, schooner, do; 13th, schooner, do; 14th, schooner, do; 15th, schooner, do; 16th, schooner, do; 17th, schooner, do; 18th, schooner, do; 19th, schooner, do; 20th, schooner, do; 21st, schooner, do; 22nd, schooner, do; 23rd, schooner, do; 24th, schooner, do; 25th, schooner, do; 26th, schooner, do; 27th, schooner, do; 28th, schooner, do; 29th, schooner, do; 30th, schooner, do; 31st, schooner, do; 1st, schooner, do; 2nd, schooner, do; 3rd, schooner, do; 4th, schooner, do; 5th, schooner, do; 6th, schooner, do; 7th, schooner, do; 8th, schooner, do; 9th, schooner, do; 10th, schooner, do; 11th, schooner, do; 12th, schooner, do; 13th, schooner, do; 14th, schooner, do; 15th, schooner, do; 16th, schooner, do; 17th, schooner, do; 18th, schooner, do; 19th, schooner, do; 20th, schooner, do; 21st, schooner, do; 22nd, schooner, do; 23rd, schooner, do; 24th, schooner, do; 25th, schooner, do; 26th, schooner, do; 27th, schooner, do; 28th, schooner, do; 29th, schooner, do; 30th, schooner, do; 31st, schooner, do; 1st, schooner, do; 2nd, schooner, do; 3rd, schooner, do; 4th, schooner, do; 5th, schooner, do; 6th, schooner, do; 7th, schooner, do; 8th, schooner, do; 9th, schooner, do; 10th, schooner, do; 11th, schooner, do; 12th, schooner, do; 13th, schooner, do; 14th, schooner, do; 15th, schooner, do; 16th, schooner, do; 17th, schooner, do; 18th, schooner, do; 19th, schooner, do; 20th, schooner, do; 21st, schooner, do; 22nd, schooner, do; 23rd, schooner, do; 24th, schooner, do; 25th, schooner, do; 26th, schooner, do; 27th, schooner, do; 28th, schooner, do; 29th, schooner, do; 30th, schooner, do; 31st, schooner, do; 1st, schooner, do; 2nd, schooner, do; 3rd, schooner, do; 4th, schooner, do; 5th, schooner, do; 6th, schooner, do; 7th, schooner, do; 8th, schooner, do; 9th, schooner, do; 10th, schooner, do; 11th, schooner, do; 12th, schooner, do; 13th, schooner, do; 14th, schooner, do; 15th, schooner, do; 16th, schooner, do; 17th, schooner, do; 18th, schooner, do; 19th, schooner, do; 20th, schooner, do; 21st, schooner, do; 22nd, schooner, do; 23rd, schooner, do; 24th, schooner, do; 25th, schooner, do; 26th, schooner, do; 27th, schooner, do; 28th, schooner, do; 29th, schooner, do; 30th, schooner, do; 31st, schooner, do; 1st, schooner, do; 2nd, schooner, do; 3rd, schooner, do; 4th, schooner, do; 5th, schooner, do; 6th, schooner, do; 7th, schooner, do; 8th, schooner, do; 9th, schooner, do; 10th, schooner, do; 11th, schooner, do; 12th, schooner, do; 13th, schooner, do; 14th, schooner, do; 15th, schooner, do; 16th, schooner, do; 17th, schooner, do; 18th, schooner, do; 19th, schooner, do; 20th, schooner, do; 21st, schooner, do; 22nd, schooner, do; 23rd, schooner, do; 24th, schooner, do; 25th, schooner, do; 26th, schooner, do; 27th, schooner, do; 28th, schooner, do; 29th, schooner, do; 30th, schooner, do; 31st, schooner, do; 1st, schooner, do; 2nd, schooner, do; 3rd, schooner, do; 4th, schooner, do; 5th, schooner, do; 6th, schooner, do; 7th, schooner, do; 8th, schooner, do; 9th, schooner, do; 10th, schooner, do; 11th, schooner, do; 12th, schooner, do; 13th, schooner,

800 PAIRS OF SHOES, low priced from 50c to \$1.00, by F. NICKERSON, No. 10, Main Street, Oct 16, dlm
VOL. 12, MAINE REPORTS, being SHARLEY, Vol 5 for 1892 by E F DUREN Oct 16
More New Goods, JUST RECEIVED AT PALMER'S, No. 1, SMITH'S BLOCK, Double Wave, Diamond, and Plain BEAVERS, Mixed and Twilled German Cloths, for Winter Frocks and Top Coats, which will be sold extremely low for CASH.
ROBINSON'S ALMANAC for 1842 THE FAIR FARMER'S ALMANAC for 1842 By DANIEL ROBINSON, just published and for sale by the thousand, hundred, dozen, or single, by SMITH & FENNO Oct 13
JUST RECEIVED, AND now opening at Mrs. JUPPER'S MILLINERY, in Room No. 36 Main Street, a beautiful assortment of FASHIONABLE BONNETS, CAPS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS, &c. dlm Oct 13
LADY'S REGISTER for 1842! THE Lady's Annual Register, and Household's Almanac for 1842, for sale by SMITH & FENNO Oct 12
GUARDIAN'S SALE. PROBATE and license obtained from the Hon. Judge of Probate for the county of Kennebec, to sell at public or private sale any and all the Real Estate belonging to Lyretta G. Fuller, or her personal representatives, her late father died seized or possessed of the same at private sale at my office, on Wednesday of each week, until September 22, 1842 (unless the same shall have been previously sold) from and after the tenth day of December, 1841, at 10 o'clock, in the forenoon, at the office of J. T. Farr, Esq., on the first day of December, and on the nineteenth day of May, 1842, at the office of J. T. Farr, Esq., on the first day of August, Oct. 8, 1841 dlm
For NEW ORLEANS, via KEY WEST AND ST. MARKS. To sail about the 20th inst., the new and fast sailing Packet Ship, LAWRENCE II, CAPT. ADAMS, W. W. Rogers, Master, now loading at Hampden having splendid accommodations. For freight or passage apply to A. W. Rogers, Rogers, or the Master on board. Hampden Oct 11, 1841 dlm
DETECTOR FOR OCTOBER! MARKS BANK NOTE LIST, and Counterfeit Detector, corrected up to Oct. 6, received by SMITH & FENNO Oct 12
SUITS AND OVER COATS. THOS. A. WHITE & CO. have just received 2 cases Extra Diamond and Double Wave Beaver, and plain Asphalium Cloths. Also, Heavy Double and Single Suits of the most desirable shades of Raven's Wing, Apple and Invisible Green, Blue and Green Olives, Blues, and Jet Blacks, together with a complete assortment of the latest styles of Cords and Bindings for Trimmings. The above Goods, with many others not mentioned, will be sold at prices that will give satisfaction to customers at the CLOTH AND DRY GOODS STORE, TOLLE No. 10, Main Street. dlm Oct 12
BEAVER CLOTHS. ALL who intend having a NEW OVER-COAT, will do well to look at WHEEL WRIGHT'S Beaver Cloths, as he has a good assortment and will sell at a very small profit. Oct 8 dlm
LADIES' CLOTHS. JUST received a prime assortment of Extra Fine and Medium German Hosiery Cloths, of the most desirable colors, and rich Velvet finish for Ladies' Cloaks and Peluses. For sale at great bargains for cash. Also Heavy silk wrap Alpaca Lustre, and Cambric, Neapolitan Cloths, Merino &c, together with a rich assortment of DRY GOODS. For sale at No. 10, Main Street, at the sign of the CLOTH AND DRY GOODS STORE. THOS. A. WHITE & Co. dlm Oct 12
BUR GAITER WALKING SHOES. FRENCH SLIPPERS AND TIPS. received by RICE & GODFREY, for sale at the lowest cash prices by RICE & GODFREY, No. 2 West Market Square. Oct 9
AT MONEY DOWN PRICES. GENTLEMEN'S sewed and pegged Calf Skin BOOTS. Call and examine them, at RICE & GODFREY'S, No. 2, West Market Square. Oct 9
LONG & SHORT THICK BOOTS. All be had in any quantity, and at the lowest cash prices at RICE & GODFREY'S, No. 2 West Market Square. Oct 9
PERIODICALS FOR OCTOBER. LADIES' COMPANION, North American Review, Knickerbocker, Bentley's Miscellany, and Blackwood, for September, &c &c received by SMITH & FENNO'S, Eastern Periodical Agency Oct 9
PHUREIA KAPPA. DR. ALDEN BRADFORD'S Address delivered before the Society of F. B. K. just received and for sale by E F DUREN Oct 9
90 PRS House and double Milled Blankets. 2000 lbs Cotton Wool from 7 to 21, 200 lbs do from 14 to 30, by W A BLAKE Sept 24
SALE OF TIMBER. WILL be sold at public auction at the Tavern of Thomas Whitney in Lower Sullwater, on the 23rd day of October next at 10 o'clock A. M. all the pine, spruce, hemlock, cedar, and white ash timber standing and growing on that part of Argyle, or College Township, which lies west of the Burnham road excepting the lots lying on the road the mill lot and the lots laid out for public uses, with the right to take off the same at any time within two years. Plans of the lots made by J. C. Lewis are lodged at the office of Samuel Underhill Esq. Bangor, at the office of Israel Washburn Esq. Bangor, and at the Tavern of Wm J. Thomas Esq. West Argyle. Sept 22d 1841 T ROUTEFILE 2awdw4u524
A HEALTHY WOMAN with a good breast of milk can obtain a comfortable and steady large wages by applying without delay at my office. None but a wholesome and cleanly person need apply. Sept 15 dlm
JUST RECEIVED NEW GOODS, Broadwings, Cassimeres and Sateen, Flannels, of every description, Merino Saxony, M de la Saxe and Calicos, Highland and New Shawls, Bleached and Brown Shagwags & Shirtings. All together with a complete assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING, which may be bought at a commonly low price at GEO. WHEP WRIGHT'S East end of Kennebec Bridge. dlm Sept 27

DEMPSTER'S MUSIC. COPIES of most of the Songs which Mr. D sung while in this city, are for sale by E F DUREN Oct 9
MERCHANTS AND TRAVELLERS VISITING BOSTON who wish to see him in their expenses may save ONE HALF, and obtain general favor at the HARRISON HOUSE, Corner of Harrison Avenue and Brick Street. The House is conveniently situated near the Depot of the Great Western Railroad and within a minute's walk of Washington Street. Mr. Chants and others who do not wish to incur the expenses of the large Hotels will find it for their interest to call. Boston Sept 27 dlm Oct 6
TO LUMBERMEN. GEO. WHEP WRIGHT has on hand a complete assortment of CLOTHING, such as is wanted by Lumbermen at this season, which will be sold at very low prices to all who may favor him with their patronage. dlm Oct 6
Great Bargains in Shoes. WISHING to combine my business to the sale of BOOTS, HATS, and LEATHER, I now offer my extensive stock of SHOES at very reduced prices. This stock comprises every variety of Ladies' Morocco Kid and Leather Shoes, Gent's Kid and Morocco Gaiters, Pump, &c and Boys' and Children's Shoes of almost every description. ALSO 3000 Pairs of Black Boots, 1500 Pairs of Black Boots, 1500 Pairs of Black Boots. For sale by the case or a single pair by HENRY J. LADD, On Kennebec at B. A. Sept 27
NOTICE. THE partnership heretofore existing between REMICK & CUTLER, was dissolved on the 31st inst. by mutual consent. Daniel Remick is hereby authorized to settle the business and use the name of the firm in liquidation only. DANIEL REMICK LEVI CUTLER dlm Oct 6th, 1841
GENTLEMEN'S Furnishing Store. WHERE ARE CONSTANTLY KEPT, Stocks, Cravats, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Mufflers, Money Belts, Silk & Lint Craps, Merino, Cotton, Wool, Silk and Lamb's Wool. CLOTH SHIRTS and DRAWERS, Silk, Gingham and Cotton CLOTHES &c. J. R. CROCKFORD & Co. Oct 5 dlm No. 10 Main Street.
Air tight Stove Improved. Cast and Sheet Iron, WITH every variety of improvement, selected with great care from the western cities. The subscriber having some experience in the manufacture and use of the above named Stove has been enabled to add some very valuable improvements whereby they are rendered more convenient and durable. He now offers the Stoves either as made heretofore or with these improvements. The Air Tight Stove is decidedly the most convenient and economical Stove ever offered to the public. A large number of them have been sold, and they give universal satisfaction. HENRY A. WOOD, No. 3 Broad St. Sept 16 dlm
New Goods! New Goods! M. GILLIGAN, TAILOR AND DRAPER, Corner of Main Street, Up stairs. HAS just received on consignment a choice selection of Goods adapted to the present approaching season, consisting in part of the following viz: Double wave clouded and plain Beavers, German French English and American Broadcloths of various colors and qualities. Clouded checked, diagonal and plain Cassimeres. Plain and figured Velvets, Satin and Woolen Velvet Vesting. The above Goods will be sold very low for cash. All Garments made, warranted to fit. If Fall fashions just received. dlm Oct 4
New Fall Goods FROM AUCTION, AT Nos. 14 and 16, Main Street, Bangor. THOMAS WHITE & CO. have just returned from New York and Boston and are now opening their Fall Stock of Goods, purchased from Package Auction sales and other favorable sources. Among which are Cases and Bales Extra fine medium and low priced Broadcloths, Heavy Milled Surinam and Asphalium cloth, figured and plain Beaver and Pilot cloth coatings, cases, extra fine and common tussimeres figured and plain, together with an extensive assortment of the best styles of Vestings. Ladies' Cloths. A rich variety of German Habits, colors, Rave, and all the latest fashions and desirable and jet black of rich Alpaca, Lustre, and Cambric, Silk Warp Alpaca, figured and plain, laceless Merino, Alpaca, figured and plain, packages of Silk, plain and figured Merino, lace and Challies, super white Linen, brown and hatched sheeting and drillings, linen and cotton Thread, extra Silk, Velvets, figured and plain extra stout Satin Vestings, Ladies' and Gent's extra and common Kid Gloves, Ladies' fine white Kid gloves, a superior article. Red long gone twilled Spitzfeld and Flag Silk Handkerchiefs 31, 36 and 38 inch, best Indian do, Tibet Brocade and Red Merino and Highland Shawls, (Red Merino shawls at two thirds former prices), Red, White, and Yellow Flannels and Serges. ALSO: An extensive and desirable assortment of Merchant Tailors Trimmings comprising many new styles of cords and bindings not found in this place together with many other Goods not mentioned. All of which will be sold at wholesale or retail at great bargains for cash at the Cloth and Dry Goods Stores, Nos 14 and 16, Main Street, Bangor. September 27 dlm
William Brown's Compound Bone-set Candy, Medicated. PRICE 6 cents oz 19 cts 4 oz 62 1/2 cts. It is a remedy that has gained a great reputation for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Phthisis, Sore Throat and all diseases of the Lungs, also it is extensive use for Clearing the Voice for Vocalists and Public Speakers, and in consequence of the extensive sale and wonderful success for curing the above complaints has caused a number of Druggists and Confectioners to counterfeit this valuable Candy. An imitator has just been shown me with my name stamped on the candy, evidently to deceive the public. For the genuine you will find Wm. Brown's Compound Candy, Medicated, and see that the direction is signed by the proprietor and candy stamped "Wm. Brown". The true article is for sale in Bangor at wholesale and retail by the Manufacturer, corner of Washington and Elliot Streets, Wm. Brown's Confectionery, Ward & Co., Brewsters, Cushing & Stevens. For sale by G. W. LADD, Smith's Block, Bangor, Oct 11 dlm
GREAT BARGAINS. New Fall Goods, JUST received and now opened at No. 40 Main Street a splendid stock of FASHIONABLE FALL AND WINTER GOODS, to be sold OFF CHEAP. REED THOMPSON & CO. have just returned from New York and Boston with a large and well selected stock of DRY GOODS, which have been purchased at VERY LOW prices, and are expressly for this SEASON and TRADE. Purchasers of Dry Goods can now have an opportunity of selecting from a stock not to be surpassed in this city and at as Great Bargains as can be found ELSEWHERE. REED, THOMPSON & CO. Sept 21 dlm No. 40 Main Street
Maine Farmer's Almanac, FOR 1842 just received and for sale by E F DUREN Sept 16- Next door west of the Post Office
TEAS. A FEW choice first quality Sonchings, for sale low by PHILSBURY & SANDFORD
NOTICE. NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of FRANKLIN MUZZY & CO. was dissolved on the 20th of July last by mutual consent. FRANKLIN MUZZY DANIEL W. BARKLEY NATHAN PERRY Bangor, September 2 1841
IRON FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP. THE undersigned would inform the public that they have fitted up for MACHINE SHOPS two Stores in the brick block on Franklin Street, directly opposite the City Hall and have erected a brick building on the lots immediately adjoining the Stores for an Iron Foundry and Blacksmith Shop, all of which are now in operation by Steam Power. All orders for work of any description in their line will be attended to with promptness. FRANKLIN MUZZY & Co. September 22
Time Altered, FROM 5 TO 6 O'CLOCK. THE Summer BANGOR will leave for PORTLAND and PORTSMOUTH for the future at 6 o'clock, Sept 28 J. W. GARNSEY Agent
Waved, Diamond, Plain Beaver and Asphalium CLOTHS, With a first rate assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, just purchased for cash in New York and Boston, and will be sold at a small profit, as cheap as can be purchased in the city. At the ONE PRICE Store, 16, Main Street. A. H. MERRILL. Sept 24
AT NO. 2, BROAD STREET. 400 BRLS. Clear Pork 200 HZ prime retailing Molasses 10 cases Sateen, 20 lbs Sugar, 10 chests Tea, 10 boxes Tobacco, 10 bags Coffee. Cheap for cash or satisfactory paper. Sept 23 W. A. BLAKE
GOLD BEADS. 12 DOZ Strings of warranted fine Gold Beads just received and for sale. Also Lockets and Miniature Settings and Lockets for Hair Knots and Drops, Pencil Cases, Watch Keys Spectacles and Silver Spoons. For sale by T. G. BROWN & Co. July 29 dlm
WINDOW GLASS. 500 BOXES Fulton Baltimore and German Glass, all sizes from 7 by 9 to 16 by 24. Large sizes French Glass for Picture Frames, coach windows &c. Glass cut in any pattern. WHITTIER & GUILD dlm
NEW MUSIC Just received and for sale by E F DUREN Oct 1
BOSTON COMB MANUFACTORY. HOVEY & MASON, 149 WASHINGTON STREET, OPPOSITE THE OLD SOUTH CHURCH, HAVE recently enlarged their establishment, and increased their facilities in COMB MANUFACTURING, are now enabled to contract with dealers for Shell, Horn, and Ivory Combs, in any quantity. ALSO, IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FANCY GOODS. SUCH AS Boxes, Cushions and Emrys, Bead and Silk Bags and Purses, Cabas, Pocket Books, Needle Books, Card Cases, Accordions, Rubber Guards, Knives, Scissors, Razors, &c. BRUSHES. A prime assortment of Hair, Cloth, Tooth and Shaving. MILLINERY GOODS. Stay Backs, Stay Rings, Whalebone Buses, Eyelets, Elastic, &c. PERUMERY. German Farina, and French fancy Cologne, very low priced. Marasch Indian, Bears and Antique Oils, Curling Fluid, Depilatory, the celebrated Russian Dye for coloring the Hair, together with a large assortment of Old London, Windsor, Oxygenated, &c. such soaps and other Soaps. Dealers are invited to call. dlmw* September 15
NEW CLOTH & DOMESTIC Dry Goods Store. ABEL CUSHING, Has taken Store No. 7, Main Street, formerly occupied by W. J. Valentine, WHERE he is opening a large assortment of reasonable DRY GOODS to which he would respectfully invite the attention of the Ladies and Gentlemen of Bangor, and vicinity. An early examination of the Stock, as his stay is limited to a very short term, and the stock must be sold for the in it will bring. In the stock will be found a large assortment of Laces, French Ribbons, Hosiery, Gloves, Fancy Handkerchiefs, elegant and new style of Shawls, French Flannels, and American Prints, Mountaine de Lanes, for evening dresses, Colored Plaids, for Children's Winter Dresses, Plain and Printed Lanes, for evening dresses, Colored Silks and Crapes for bonnet lining, Green Barrage, &c. &c. Cambric all wool Flannel, Twilled, Red Flannel, Bleached and Unbleached Cotton Flannel, Sheetings, and Muslin. Striped and Damask, for Table Covers, a large assortment of Jacquett, and Cambric Muslin. Striped and Checked Cambric, Laced Check, Cambric, a new article for dresses, new style of Lace for Caps, viz Honey Comb Railroad Square Nett, Bobinet, and Washed Blond, &c. ALSO: A large assortment of Fine Superfine and Common BROADCLOTHS, colors of the most fashionable and desirable shades, viz black black black, invisible green, blue, olive brown, mix d, &c, together with a large variety of CASSIMERES, of various styles and qualities, all of which will be sold lower than can be purchased at any other Store in the city. October 4

AT PRIVATE SALE. BY B. C. ATTWOOD & CO. Auctioneers and Commission Merchants. 30 bags Coffee Java 4 lbs and 5 lb Dummage, 100 bbls Sugar Boston and Ohio clear, and nutre packed; 10 bags white Sugar, 17 boxes brown H. vana Sugar, 20 cases and bbls Sateen, 30 bbls No 1 and 2 Beef, 10 chests Sonchong Tea, 50 lbs Richmond Flour. Branch Shering 2000 yards Cumberland Factory Sateen 6000 yards mixed, strong and wide, suitable for lumbermen. Cassimeres 10000 yards heavy substantial goods. The above will be sold on 6 mos credit at very low prices for satisfactory paper. MORE NEW THE subscribers, Agents for the sale of 1 GILBERT & CO. PIANO FORTES, Boston, have just received direct from the manufactory, a new and improved Piano and finished Instruments, which they offer for sale at the unusually low price of \$100 for Cash or Lumber, and warrants the same to give entire satisfaction for many years and is guaranteed. Also on hand a good second hand Piano Forte, for sale cheap. SHAW & MERRILL No 66, Main St. Bangor June 3, 1841 dlmw
TO SELL OR LET. A FIRST RATE PIANO FOR F. Chickering's Manufacture, and in good order. Enquire of SMITH & FENNO Sept 1
CORDAGE. CANGES OF RIGGING from the Works of the Robb's Cordage Company PLYMOUTH Mass. will be furnished on application to the subscribers. Also Tarred and Manila Cordage, of all sizes constantly on hand for sale at retail. L. B. MANNING & Co. June 30 dlm
ALMANACS FOR 1842. THE American Comic New Comic Crack etc. People's and a variety of other kinds of Almanacs for 1842 for sale by the hundred dozen or single, by SMITH & FENNO Sept 8
HOUSE LOT FOR SALE. FIRST rate convenient two story wood frame House with a basement story, situated on Pine Street near the brick school house, formerly owned by Joseph Treadwell Jr. If the above property is not sold before the 30th day of October next it will then be offered at Public Auction. Apply to JOSEPH TREADWELL.
HOUSE WANTED. Wanted to hire, a comfortable DWELLING HOUSE for a moderate family. A fair rent will be given and promptly paid. Enquire at this Office. Sept 1
WANTED IMMEDIATELY. SIX TAILORSESS, to whom constant employment and good wages will be given by JOHN SARGENT JR. Bangor May 19 dlm No 18 Main St
Carpets and Rugs. FINE Superfine and 3 ply Lowell and Danvers Carpets, several new and rich patterns just received. Brussels Carpeting, 4 4 and 6 4 Striped Carpeting, Brussels Tufted and common Rugs, and stair Carpetings, also Floor Cloths Oil Cloths Carpet Rugs &c, &c. for sale at the LOWEST prices at ALBERT HOLTON No 50, Main Street. Bangor Aug 12 dlm
HAY SCALE. THE subscribers have erected a Scale, the most approved pattern now in use, in rear of the Penobscot Exchange where they will attend to all calls for weighing with promptness. July 14 dlm C & W ARNOLD
ANNUALS FOR 1842. THE TOWN & ATLANTIC SOUVENIER 10 Emble Engravings - The GIFT 7 plates FRIENDSHIP'S OFFERING edited by Mrs. C. H. M. Fitch 10 plates THE DAFFY A Memorial of Affection a Juvenile Annual 6 plates The ROSE or Affection's Gift 10 plates, and a variety of smaller and larger works, suitable for presents for sale by SMITH & FENNO Oct 2 dlm
BOSTON COMB MANUFACTORY. HOVEY & MASON, 149 WASHINGTON STREET, OPPOSITE THE OLD SOUTH CHURCH, HAVE recently enlarged their establishment, and increased their facilities in COMB MANUFACTURING, are now enabled to contract with dealers for Shell, Horn, and Ivory Combs, in any quantity. ALSO, IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FANCY GOODS. SUCH AS Boxes, Cushions and Emrys, Bead and Silk Bags and Purses, Cabas, Pocket Books, Needle Books, Card Cases, Accordions, Rubber Guards, Knives, Scissors, Razors, &c. BRUSHES. A prime assortment of Hair, Cloth, Tooth and Shaving. MILLINERY GOODS. Stay Backs, Stay Rings, Whalebone Buses, Eyelets, Elastic, &c. PERUMERY. German Farina, and French fancy Cologne, very low priced. Marasch Indian, Bears and Antique Oils, Curling Fluid, Depilatory, the celebrated Russian Dye for coloring the Hair, together with a large assortment of Old London, Windsor, Oxygenated, &c. such soaps and other Soaps. Dealers are invited to call. dlmw* September 15
NEW CLOTH & DOMESTIC Dry Goods Store. ABEL CUSHING, Has taken Store No. 7, Main Street, formerly occupied by W. J. Valentine, WHERE he is opening a large assortment of reasonable DRY GOODS to which he would respectfully invite the attention of the Ladies and Gentlemen of Bangor, and vicinity. An early examination of the Stock, as his stay is limited to a very short term, and the stock must be sold for the in it will bring. In the stock will be found a large assortment of Laces, French Ribbons, Hosiery, Gloves, Fancy Handkerchiefs, elegant and new style of Shawls, French Flannels, and American Prints, Mountaine de Lanes, for evening dresses, Colored Plaids, for Children's Winter Dresses, Plain and Printed Lanes, for evening dresses, Colored Silks and Crapes for bonnet lining, Green Barrage, &c. &c. Cambric all wool Flannel, Twilled, Red Flannel, Bleached and Unbleached Cotton Flannel, Sheetings, and Muslin. Striped and Damask, for Table Covers, a large assortment of Jacquett, and Cambric Muslin. Striped and Checked Cambric, Laced Check, Cambric, a new article for dresses, new style of Lace for Caps, viz Honey Comb Railroad Square Nett, Bobinet, and Washed Blond, &c. ALSO: A large assortment of Fine Superfine and Common BROADCLOTHS, colors of the most fashionable and desirable shades, viz black black black, invisible green, blue, olive brown, mix d, &c, together with a large variety of CASSIMERES, of various styles and qualities, all of which will be sold lower than can be purchased at any other Store in the city. October 4

AT PRIVATE SALE. BY B. C. ATTWOOD & CO. Auctioneers and Commission Merchants. 30 bags Coffee Java 4 lbs and 5 lb Dummage, 100 bbls Sugar Boston and Ohio clear, and nutre packed; 10 bags white Sugar, 17 boxes brown H. vana Sugar, 20 cases and bbls Sateen, 30 bbls No 1 and 2 Beef, 10 chests Sonchong Tea, 50 lbs Richmond Flour. Branch Shering 2000 yards Cumberland Factory Sateen 6000 yards mixed, strong and wide, suitable for lumbermen. Cassimeres 10000 yards heavy substantial goods. The above will be sold on 6 mos credit at very low prices for satisfactory paper. MORE NEW THE subscribers, Agents for the sale of 1 GILBERT & CO. PIANO FORTES, Boston, have just received direct from the manufactory, a new and improved Piano and finished Instruments, which they offer for sale at the unusually low price of \$100 for Cash or Lumber, and warrants the same to give entire satisfaction for many years and is guaranteed. Also on hand a good second hand Piano Forte, for sale cheap. SHAW & MERRILL No 66, Main St. Bangor June 3, 1841 dlmw
TO SELL OR LET. A FIRST RATE PIANO FOR F. Chickering's Manufacture, and in good order. Enquire of SMITH & FENNO Sept 1
CORDAGE. CANGES OF RIGGING from the Works of the Robb's Cordage Company PLYMOUTH Mass. will be furnished on application to the subscribers. Also Tarred and Manila Cordage, of all sizes constantly on hand for sale at retail. L. B. MANNING & Co. June 30 dlm
ALMANACS FOR 1842. THE American Comic New Comic Crack etc. People's and a variety of other kinds of Almanacs for 1842 for sale by the hundred dozen or single, by SMITH & FENNO Sept 8
HOUSE LOT FOR SALE. FIRST rate convenient two story wood frame House with a basement story, situated on Pine Street near the brick school house, formerly owned by Joseph Treadwell Jr. If the above property is not sold before the 30th day of October next it will then be offered at Public Auction. Apply to JOSEPH TREADWELL.
HOUSE WANTED. Wanted to hire, a comfortable DWELLING HOUSE for a moderate family. A fair rent will be given and promptly paid. Enquire at this Office. Sept 1
WANTED IMMEDIATELY. SIX TAILORSESS, to whom constant employment and good wages will be given by JOHN SARGENT JR. Bangor May 19 dlm No 18 Main St
Carpets and Rugs. FINE Superfine and 3 ply Lowell and Danvers Carpets, several new and rich patterns just received. Brussels Carpeting, 4 4 and 6 4 Striped Carpeting, Brussels Tufted and common Rugs, and stair Carpetings, also Floor Cloths Oil Cloths Carpet Rugs &c, &c. for sale at the LOWEST prices at ALBERT HOLTON No 50, Main Street. Bangor Aug 12 dlm
HAY SCALE. THE subscribers have erected a Scale, the most approved pattern now in use, in rear of the Penobscot Exchange where they will attend to all calls for weighing with promptness. July 14 dlm C & W ARNOLD
ANNUALS FOR 1842. THE TOWN & ATLANTIC SOUVENIER 10 Emble Engravings - The GIFT 7 plates FRIENDSHIP'S OFFERING edited by Mrs. C. H. M. Fitch 10 plates THE DAFFY A Memorial of Affection a Juvenile Annual 6 plates The ROSE or Affection's Gift 10 plates, and a variety of smaller and larger works, suitable for presents for sale by SMITH & FENNO Oct 2 dlm
BOSTON COMB MANUFACTORY. HOVEY & MASON, 149 WASHINGTON STREET, OPPOSITE THE OLD SOUTH CHURCH, HAVE recently enlarged their establishment, and increased their facilities in COMB MANUFACTURING, are now enabled to contract with dealers for Shell, Horn, and Ivory Combs, in any quantity. ALSO, IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FANCY GOODS. SUCH AS Boxes, Cushions and Emrys, Bead and Silk Bags and Purses, Cabas, Pocket Books, Needle Books, Card Cases, Accordions, Rubber Guards, Knives, Scissors, Razors, &c. BRUSHES. A prime assortment of Hair, Cloth, Tooth and Shaving. MILLINERY GOODS. Stay Backs, Stay Rings, Whalebone Buses, Eyelets, Elastic, &c. PERUMERY. German Farina, and French fancy Cologne, very low priced. Marasch Indian, Bears and Antique Oils, Curling Fluid, Depilatory, the celebrated Russian Dye for coloring the Hair, together with a large assortment of Old London, Windsor, Oxygenated, &c. such soaps and other Soaps. Dealers are invited to call. dlmw* September 15
NEW CLOTH & DOMESTIC Dry Goods Store. ABEL CUSHING, Has taken Store No. 7, Main Street, formerly occupied by W. J. Valentine, WHERE he is opening a large assortment of reasonable DRY GOODS to which he would respectfully invite the attention of the Ladies and Gentlemen of Bangor, and vicinity. An early examination of the Stock, as his stay is limited to a very short term, and the stock must be sold for the in it will bring. In the stock will be found a large assortment of Laces, French Ribbons, Hosiery, Gloves, Fancy Handkerchiefs, elegant and new style of Shawls, French Flannels, and American Prints, Mountaine de Lanes, for evening dresses, Colored Plaids, for Children's Winter Dresses, Plain and Printed Lanes, for evening dresses, Colored Silks and Crapes for bonnet lining, Green Barrage, &c. &c. Cambric all wool Flannel, Twilled, Red Flannel, Bleached and Unbleached Cotton Flannel, Sheetings, and Muslin. Striped and Damask, for Table Covers, a large assortment of Jacquett, and Cambric Muslin. Striped and Checked Cambric, Laced Check, Cambric, a new article for dresses, new style of Lace for Caps, viz Honey Comb Railroad Square Nett, Bobinet, and Washed Blond, &c. ALSO: A large assortment of Fine Superfine and Common BROADCLOTHS, colors of the most fashionable and desirable shades, viz black black black, invisible green, blue, olive brown, mix d, &c, together with a large variety of CASSIMERES, of various styles and qualities, all of which will be sold lower than can be purchased at any other Store in the city. October 4

SALE POSITIVE. FOR SALE, A FAIR LOW PRICE. TWO Lots of Land containing 97 1/2 acres, situated in Hezmond on the Cape road, south side being 80 rods on said road extending 200 rods south. Said Land is about 3 1/2 miles from Bangor Post Office. There is 75 or 100 thousand Pine Lumber on it and covered with a growth of hard and soft wood except about 12 or 15 acres, which has been cut off, about 6 acres of which is cleared to grass. It is a fine tract for a Farm, much of it being first rate grass land and a sufficient quantity suitable for tillage. For further particulars enquire of B. C. ATTWOOD & CO. Said Land will be sold at Auction on Saturday the 14th day of August next at B. C. ATTWOOD & Co's at 11 o'clock, if not previously disposed of at private sale. The above sale stands postponed to SATURDAY Oct 23 at 11 o'clock as above. NO. 2, BROAD STREET. BRLS. Genesee Flour 300 200 bbls Flour from new Wheat, 4000 bushels North River Corn, 100 bbls New York Apples. For sale by W A BLAKE Sept 30
100 PAIRS THICK BOOTS, 50 prs Calf do, 200 prs Ladies' shoes, 300 prs Mens' do for sale by W. A. BLAKE. Sept 24th

LIVEMORE COMMENTARIES,
THE TRUE GOSPEL with a Commentary by
A. A. Livemore Vol I. Matthew
CHANNING'S WORKER a new edition in 5 vols
mo, in beautiful style, for sale by
SMITH & FEENO

UPPERIOR QUALITY RAY RUM.
DISTILLED by Widow Livergens & Son real
ratted pure, by
G W LADD